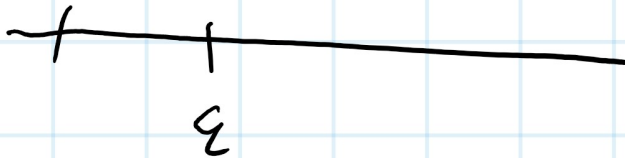


07-10-2022



$$P.A. \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \quad \frac{1}{n+1} > \epsilon$$



$$n+1 < \frac{1}{\epsilon}$$

$$n < \frac{1}{\epsilon} - 1$$

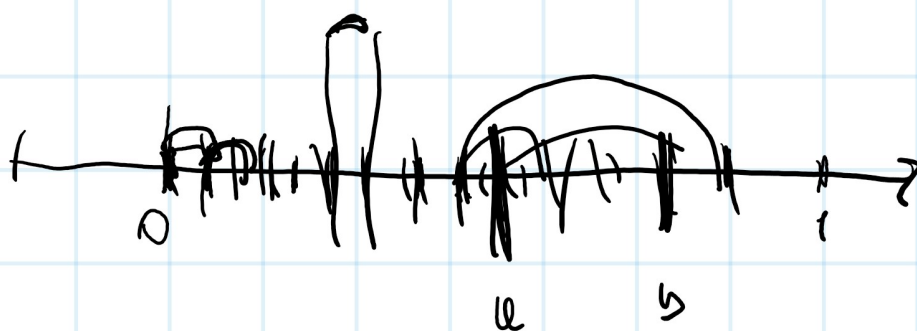
$$\frac{1}{\epsilon} > 0$$

$$\exists n \in \mathbb{N} \text{ t.c. } n > \frac{1}{\epsilon} - 1$$

$$n+1 > \frac{1}{\epsilon}$$

$$\frac{1}{n+1} < \epsilon$$

$$\sqrt{n} - \lfloor \sqrt{n} \rfloor$$



$$n=9 \quad n=15$$

$$\sqrt{9} = 3$$

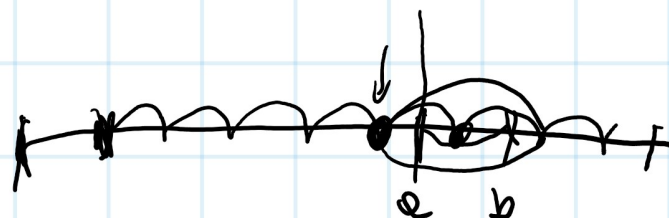
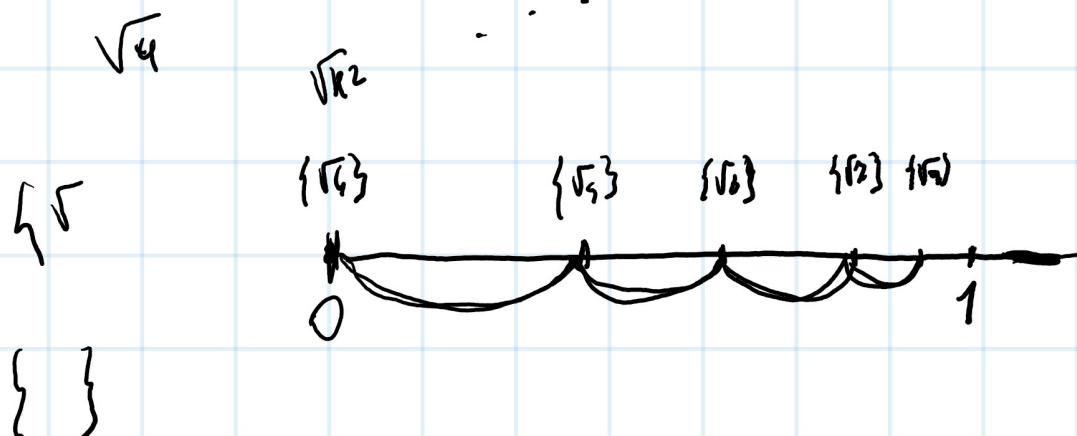
$$\sqrt{10} = 3.16 \dots$$

$$\sqrt{15} = 3.87 \dots$$

$$\sqrt{16} = 4$$

$$\sqrt{n} - \lfloor \sqrt{n} \rfloor = \{ \sqrt{n} \}$$

$$\sqrt{(k+1)^2 - 1}$$



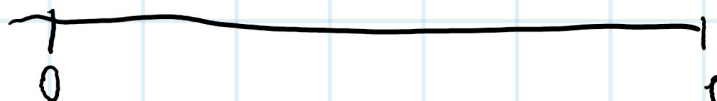
$$-\sqrt{k^2} + \sqrt{k^2+1}$$

POSSO?

1) $\delta = \underline{b-a}$ PRENDO $k \in \mathbb{N}$ t.c. $\sqrt{k^2+1} - \sqrt{k^2} < \delta$ ↑

$$\frac{\sqrt{k^2+1} - \sqrt{k^2}}{1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{k^2+1} + \sqrt{k^2}} < \left(\frac{1}{k} < \delta \right)$$

$$\exists k \in \mathbb{N} \text{ s.t. } \sqrt{k^2+1} - \sqrt{k^2} < \overbrace{b-a}^{\delta}$$



$$\textcircled{\text{II}} \quad \exists E \quad k^2 \leq n \leq (k+1)^2 - 1$$

$$\lfloor \sqrt{n} \rfloor = k$$

$$k^2 \leq n < (k+1)^2$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$k \leq \sqrt{n} < \sqrt{k+1}$$

$$\uparrow$$

$$\exists E \quad k^2 \leq \underbrace{n_1 < n_2}_{< (k+1)^2}$$

$$k \leq \sqrt{n_1} < \sqrt{n_2} < k+1$$

$$0 \leq \underbrace{\sqrt{n_1} - \lfloor \sqrt{n_1} \rfloor}_{< \sqrt{n_2} - \lfloor \sqrt{n_2} \rfloor} < \underbrace{\sqrt{n_2} - \lfloor \sqrt{n_2} \rfloor}_{< k+1}$$

$$n = k^2 + h$$

$$h < (k+1)^2 - k^2 - 1$$

5

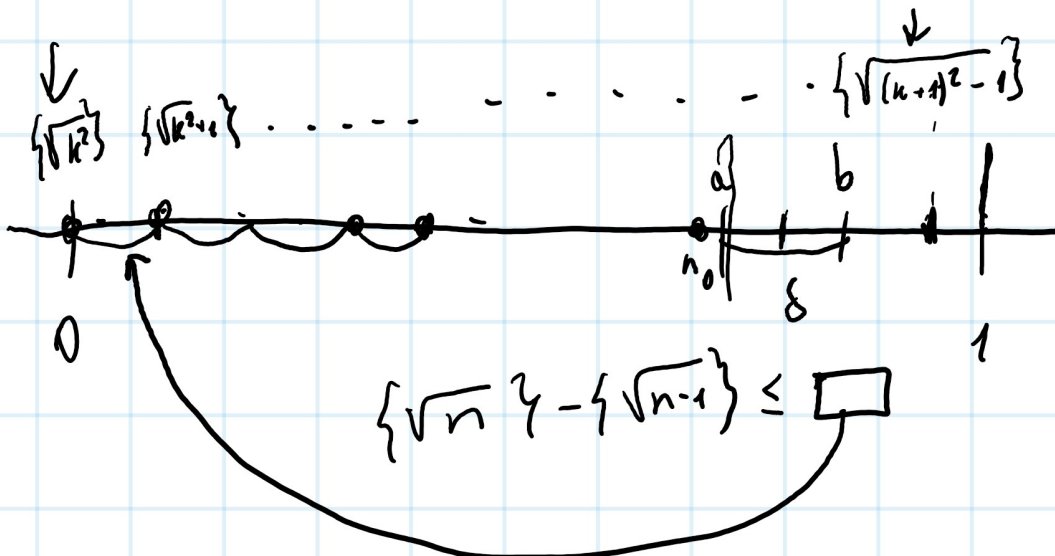
$$k^2 \leq n < \underline{(k+1)^2 - 1}$$

$$\frac{\{\sqrt{k^2+h}\} - \{\sqrt{k^2+h-1}\}}{1} \leq \frac{\sqrt{k^2+1} - \lfloor \sqrt{k^2+1} \rfloor}{1} \quad ?$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{k^2+1} - k}{1} = \boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{k^2+1} + k}}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{k^2+h} - \lfloor \sqrt{k^2+h} \rfloor \right) - \left(\sqrt{k^2+h-1} - \lfloor \sqrt{k^2+h-1} \rfloor \right) =$$

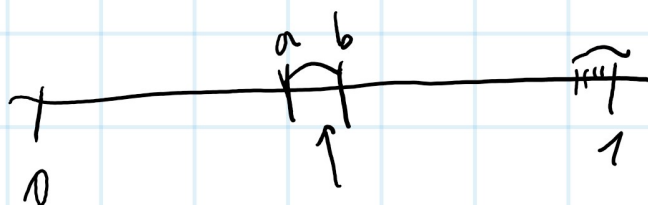
$$= \frac{\sqrt{k^2+h} - \sqrt{k^2+h-1}}{1} = \boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{k^2+h} + \sqrt{k^2+h-1}}}$$



$$n_0 = \max \left\{ n \in \mathbb{N} \mid k^2 \leq n \leq (k+1)^2 - 1 \text{ e } \sqrt{n} - \lfloor \sqrt{n} \rfloor \leq a \right\}$$

$\{\sqrt{n_0+1}\} > a$
 $\{\sqrt{n_0+1}\} < b$
 $> b$

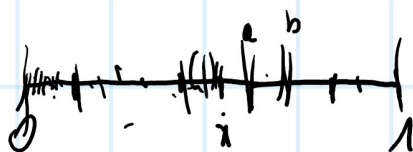
$\{\sqrt{n_0+1}\} - \{\sqrt{n_0}\} \leq \{\sqrt{n_0+1}\} - \{\sqrt{n_0}\} < b - a$
 $\uparrow$
 $> b - a$



$$\sqrt{2}, 2\sqrt{2}, 3\sqrt{2}$$

$$\rightarrow \left\{ n\sqrt{2} - \lfloor n\sqrt{2} \rfloor \mid n \in \mathbb{N} \right\}$$

$$\sqrt{2}$$



(29)

 $\bigcap_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$
 $\uparrow$

$$\bigcup_{m \in \mathbb{N}} \left[0, 1 + \frac{1}{n+1} - \frac{1}{m+1} \right]$$

$$\neq \bigcap_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \left[0, 1 + \frac{1}{n+1} \right)$$

 $\forall \varepsilon > 0$

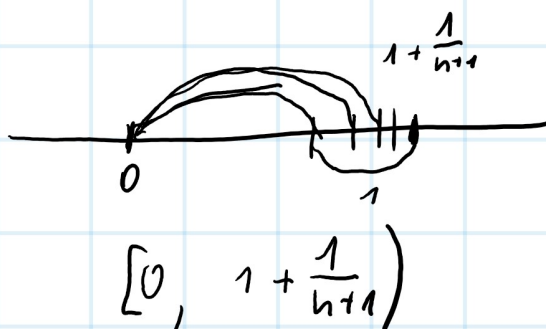
$$1 + \frac{1}{n+1} - \varepsilon$$

$$1 + \frac{1}{n+1}$$

t.c. $\circ > 0$

$$\bigcup_{m \in \mathbb{N}} \left[0, 1 + \frac{1}{n+1} - \frac{1}{m+1} \right] =$$

$$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists m \in \mathbb{N}, \text{ t.c. } 1 + \frac{1}{n+1} - \varepsilon < 1 + \frac{1}{n+1} - \frac{1}{m+1}$$



$$= \left[0, 1 + \frac{1}{n+1} \right)$$

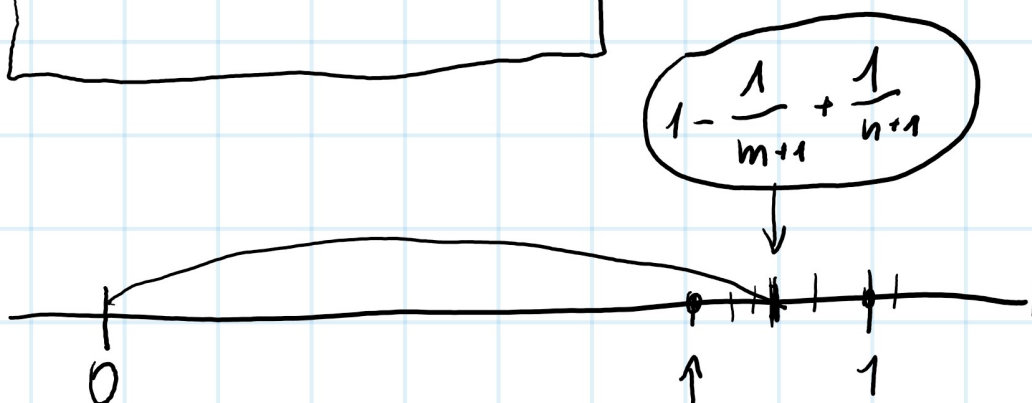
$$\bigcap_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \left[0, 1 + \frac{1}{n+1} \right)$$

$$= [0, 1]$$

$$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists n \in \mathbb{N} \text{ t.c. } 1 + \varepsilon > 1 + \frac{1}{n+1}$$

$$\frac{1}{n+1} < \varepsilon$$

$$\bigcup_{m \in \mathbb{N}} \left(\bigcap_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \left[0, 1 + \frac{1}{n+1} - \frac{1}{m+1} \right] \right) = \bigcup_{m \in \mathbb{N}} \left[0, 1 - \frac{1}{m+1} \right]$$



(?) $\forall \epsilon > 0 \exists n \in \mathbb{N} \text{ s.t. } 1 - \frac{1}{n+1} + \frac{1}{n+1} < 1 - \frac{1}{m+1} + \epsilon$

$$\left[0, 1 - \frac{1}{m+1} \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{n+1} < \epsilon$$

$$1 - \varepsilon$$

$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists n \in \mathbb{N}$ t.p. $1 - \varepsilon < 1 - \frac{1}{n+1}$ (?)

$$\left(\frac{1}{h+1} \right)$$

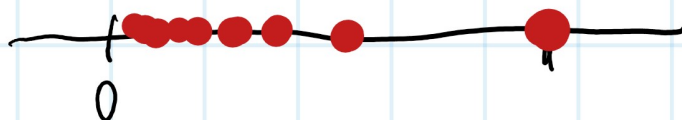
✓ 870

$$x_{n-\delta} \quad x_{n+\delta}$$

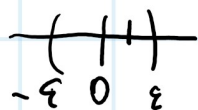
$$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \quad \exists x \in A - \{x_0\} \quad \text{s.t.} \quad x \in (x_0 - \varepsilon, x_0 + \varepsilon)$$

$$A = \left\{ \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{m} \mid n, m \in \mathbb{N} - \{0\} \right\} \leftarrow$$

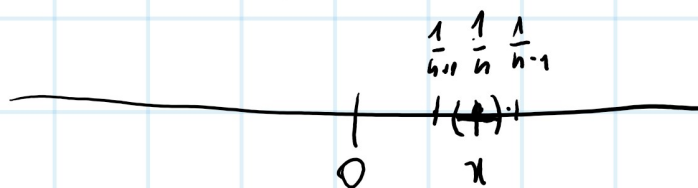
$$\rightarrow B = \left\{ \frac{1}{n} \mid n \in \mathbb{N} - \{0\} \right\}$$



$$0 < \frac{1}{n} < \varepsilon$$



$$\frac{1}{n}$$



$$\frac{1}{n}$$

