

# Lezione 14: Limite di funzioni in una variabile

## INDICE

1) DEF. DI LIMITE DI  $f$  (TANTI CASI)

2) DEF. "UNI FICATA"

3) T. PONTE

4) UTILIZZO DI (3) PER PRINCIPALI TEOREMI

1) T. OP. LIMITI

2) T. CONFRONTO

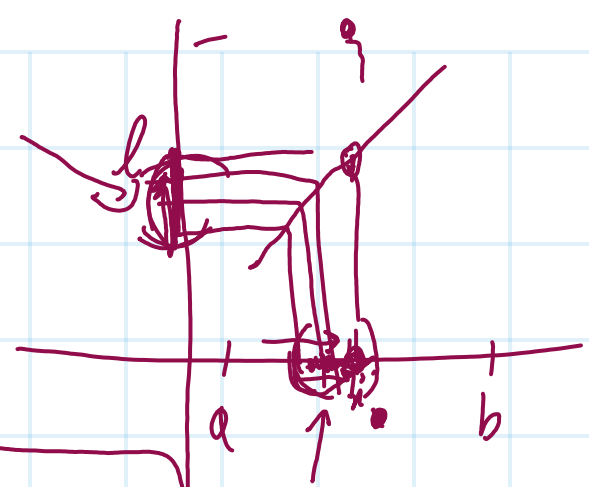
5)  $\text{LIMIT} \circ f(g(x))$

6) LIM. NOTEVOLI

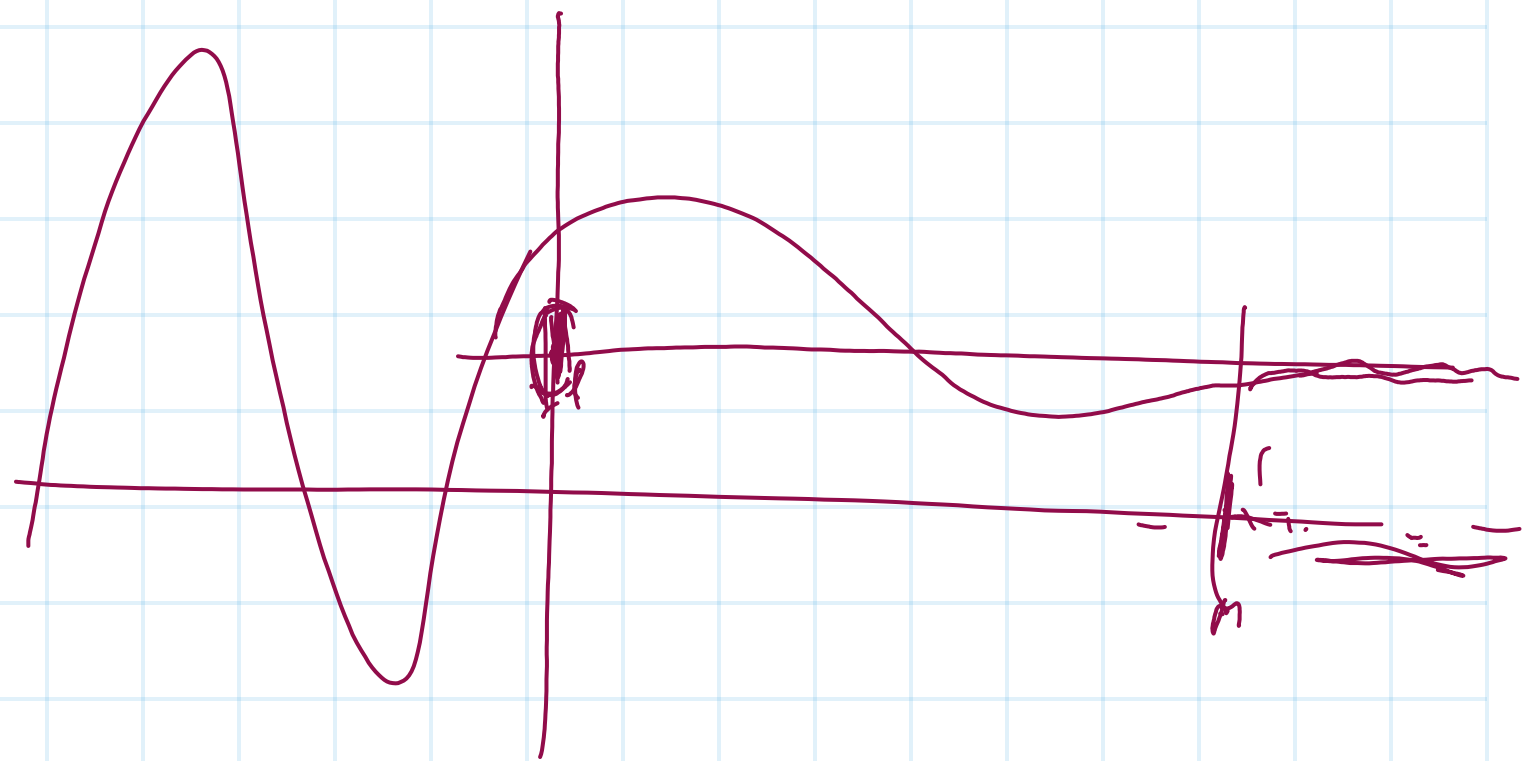
**DEF.**

$\mathbb{R}$   
DATA  $f: A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  E  $x_0$  DI ACC. PER  $A$ .

DIREMO CHE "  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) = l \in \mathbb{R}$  "



$$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \quad \exists \delta > 0 \quad \text{t.p.} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} |x - x_0| < \delta \\ x \neq x_0 \\ x \in A \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow |f(x) - l| < \varepsilon$$



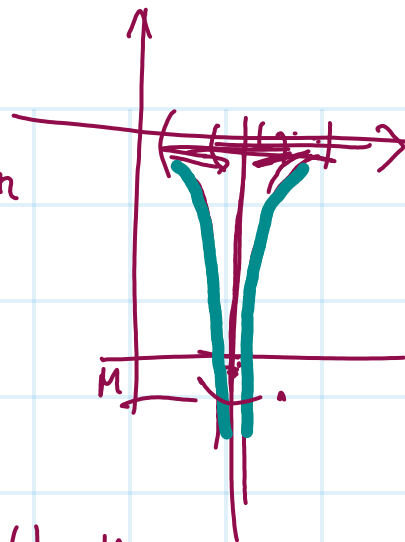
**DEF.**

DATO  $A \subset \mathbb{R}$  NON SUPERIORMENTE LIMITATO, E  $f: A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$   
 $l \in \mathbb{R}$ , DIREMO CHE "  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) = l$  "

$$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \quad \exists M > 0 \quad \text{t.c.} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} x > M \\ x \in A \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow |f(x) - l| < \varepsilon$$

**DEF.** DATI  $A \subset \mathbb{R}$   $x_0$  DI ACC. PER  $A$ . E  $f: A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

DIAMO CHE  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) = -\infty$  S.E.



$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \forall M < 0 \\ \in \mathbb{R} \end{array} \right\} \exists \delta > 0 \text{ t.c. } \left. \begin{array}{l} |x - x_0| < \delta \\ x \in A \\ x \neq x_0 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow f(x) < M$$

$(0, +\infty)$

$I_{+\infty}$  = SEM. DESTRA

$I_{-\infty}$  = SEM. SINISTRA

$\mathbb{R}^* = \mathbb{R} \cup \{-\infty, +\infty\}$

" $+\infty$ " È DI ACC. PER  $A \subset \mathbb{R}$  SE  $\forall M \geq 0$

$A \cap (M, +\infty) \neq \emptyset$