

Metodi Matematici - Ex. 10

Titolo nota

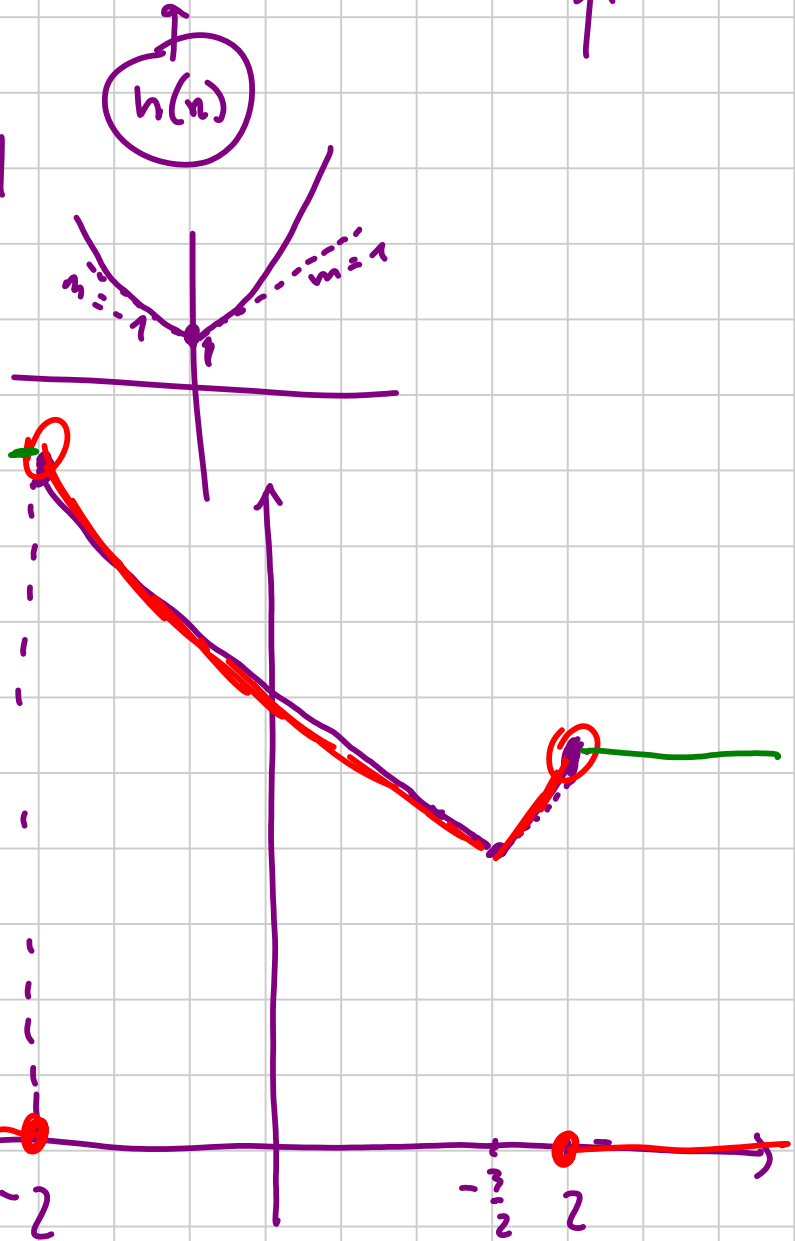
5 dicembre 2017 (8:30-9.15) - docente: Prof. Emanuele Callegari - Università di Roma Tor Vergata

EX. 1

CALCOLARE f' : $f(x) = \underbrace{e^{|2x-3|} \chi_{(-2,2)}(x)}_{h(x)} + \underbrace{x^2 \arctan x^2}_{\uparrow}$

$$e^{|2x-3|} = e^{|2(x-\frac{3}{2})|}$$

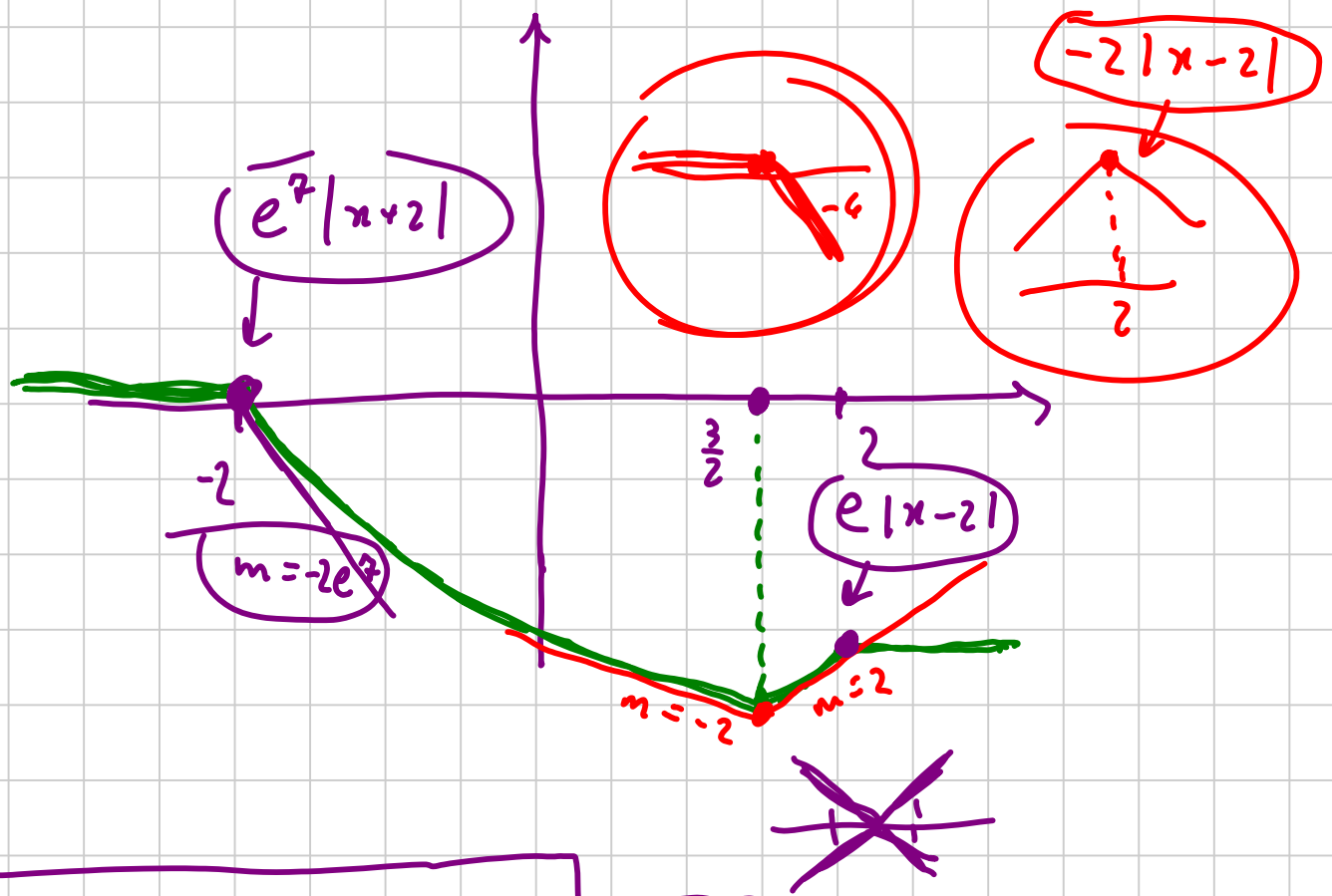
$$e^{|x|}$$



$$\underbrace{e^{|2x|}}_{\substack{e^{|2(x-\frac{3}{2})|} \\ \chi_{(-2,2)}(x)}}$$

$$h(x) = \underbrace{e^{|2x-3|} \cdot \chi_{(-2,2)}(x)}_{\substack{e^{|2x-3|} \cdot \chi_{(-2,2)}(x) \\ e^{|2x-3|} \cdot \chi_{(-2,2)}(x)}} + \underbrace{e^5(2) - e^5(2)}_{\substack{e^5(2) - e^5(2) \\ e^5(2) - e^5(2)}} + \underbrace{e^2(2) - e^7(2)}_{\substack{e^2(2) - e^7(2) \\ e^2(2) - e^7(2)}} =$$

$$= \underbrace{e^{|2x-3|} \chi_{(-2,2)}(x) + e^5(2) - e^2(2)}_{g(x)} - \underbrace{e^5(2) + e^7(2)}_{\substack{e^5(2) + e^7(2) \\ e^5(2) + e^7(2)}}$$



$$v(x) = e^{|2x-3|} \chi(x) + e^S(2) - e^S(-2) - 2|x-\frac{3}{2}| + 2|x-\frac{3}{2}| - e^S(2) + e^S(-2)$$

$$h(x) = e^{|2x-3|} \chi(x) + e^S(2) - e^S(-2) - 2|x-\frac{3}{2}| + e^2|x+2| + e|x-2|$$

$$+ 2|x-\frac{3}{2}| - e^S(2) + e^S(-2) - e^7|x+2| - e|x-2|$$

$$v(x) = \begin{cases} (2 - e^7 - e)x - 3 - 2e^7 + 2e & x < -2 \\ e^{-2x+3} - e^7 + 2(x - \frac{3}{2}) + e^2(x+2) - e(x-2) & -2 < x < \frac{3}{2} \\ \dots & \frac{3}{2} < x < 2 \\ \dots & x > 2 \end{cases}$$

$$v'(u) = \begin{cases} \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{cases}$$

$$\left[+2 \left| u - \frac{3}{2} \right| - e \delta(2) + e^2 \delta(-2) - e^7 \left| u+2 \right| - e \left| u-2 \right| \right] = u(u)$$

$$\left[2 \delta\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) - e \cdot \delta(2) + e^2 \delta(-2) - e^2 \cdot \delta(-2) - e \cdot \delta(2) \right]$$

$u'(u)$

$$h'(u) = \underbrace{v'(u) + u'(u)}$$

$$f(u) = h(u) + u^2 \operatorname{arctan} u^2$$

$$f'(u) = \underbrace{v'(u)} + \underbrace{u'(u)} + 2u \operatorname{arctan} u^2 + u^2 \cdot \frac{2u}{1+u^4}$$

EX 2

$$f(u) = \underbrace{u e^{4u}} + \underbrace{\left| 2u-1 \right| \chi_{(-1,1)}(u)}_{h(u)}$$

$$h(u) = \left[\underbrace{\left| 2u-1 \right| \chi_{(-1,1)}(u)}_{(-1,1)} - 3 \delta(-1) + \delta(1) \right] + \left[3 \delta(-1) - \delta(1) \right]$$

$\begin{matrix} -1 & \delta = 3 \\ 1 & \delta = -1 \end{matrix}$

$$x_0 = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow -2 \left| x - \frac{1}{2} \right|$$

$$x_0 = 1 \rightarrow |x - 1|$$

$$x_0 = -1 \rightarrow |x + 1|$$

$$|2x-1| \chi_{(-1,2)}(x) - 3\delta(-1) + \delta(1) + \overbrace{3\delta(-1) - \delta(1)}$$

$$\underbrace{\left(|2x-1| \chi_{(-1,1)}(x) - 3\delta(-1) + \delta(1) - 2 \left| x - \frac{1}{2} \right| + |x-1| + |x+1| \right)}_{v(x)}$$

$$\underbrace{+ 3\delta(-1) - \delta(1) + 2 \left| x - \frac{1}{2} \right| - |x-1| - |x+1|}_{u(x)}$$

$$v(x) = \begin{cases} \vdots & \text{---} \\ \vdots & \text{---} \\ \vdots & \text{---} \\ \vdots & \text{---} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x < -1 \\ -1 < x < \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} < x < 1 \\ x > 1 \end{array}$$

$$v'(x) = \begin{cases} \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{cases}$$

$$u'(x) = 3\delta(-1) - \delta(1) + 2\delta\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \delta(1) - \delta(-1)$$

$$h'(x) = v'(x) + u'(x)$$

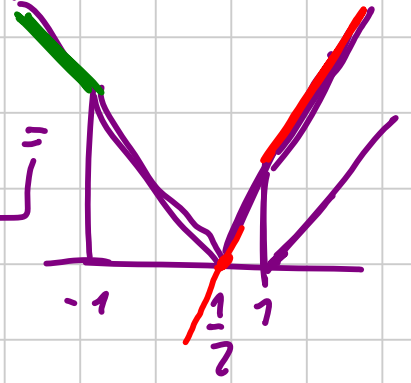
$$f'(x) = v'(x) + u'(x) + (xe^{4x})' = \dots$$

OSS.

$$h(n) = |2n-1| \chi_{(-1,1)}(n) =$$

$$\underbrace{|2n-1| - S(1)(2n-1) - (1-S(-1))(-2n+1)}_{= \dots}$$

= ...



$$S(1)(2n-1)$$